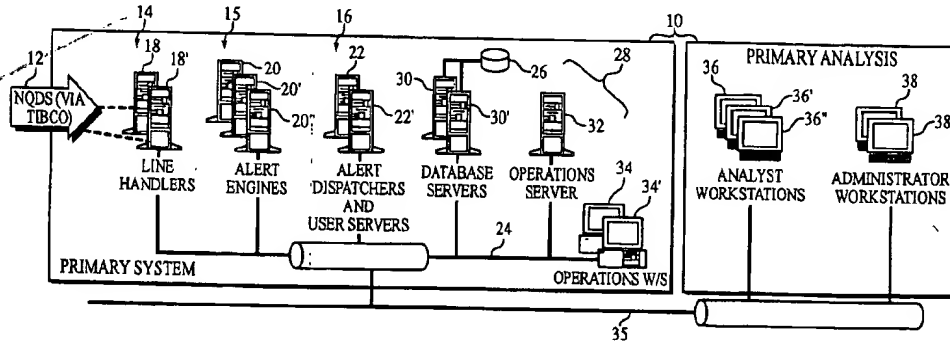




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PERFORMANCE IN A MONITORING
SYSTEM****Publication Classification**(51) **Int. Cl.⁷** **G06F 17/60**
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Boston, MA 02110-2804 (US)(21) **Appl. No.:** 10/272,112
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Jul. 2, 1999.(57) **ABSTRACT**

An alert dispatcher for a market monitoring system includes a computer having a processor and a memory device. The memory device encodes an executable program of instructions for dispatching alerts. The instructions receive alerts from a plurality of alert engines, store a portion of the received messages in a queue, and publish the stored messages for analyst computers. A system for monitoring a trading market includes a local area network, an alert engine coupled to the network, and an alert dispatcher. The alert engine produces an alert on the network in response to receiving a market event message corresponding an alert condition. The alert dispatcher is connected to receive alerts from the network and to publish a portion of the alerts for analysts, and to generate data on alert delivery times.





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performance in a monitoring
system

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[0177] Referring again to FIG. 11, the L/C alert and coordinator components 187, 199 may impose threshold requirements on detecting and publishing, respectively, L/C market conditions for the analyst workstations 36, 36', 36". A threshold may require that a locked market condition persist for several seconds before an alert is published. This removes some L/C conditions caused by brief lack of inattention on the part of a market participant. The administrator workstation 38, 38' can change the thresholds associated with detecting and publishing L/C market alerts by writing new threshold values to the algorithm parameters object 206 of FIG. 14.

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[0221] Referring to FIG. 36, a process 640 by which the component manager 186 and UMA alert component 190 detect UMA alert conditions is shown. The component manager 186 receives 642 a new market event message containing data of a type capable of triggering an UMA alert. The component manager 186 requests 644 historical data from the data cache 202. The requested type of historical data correlates to the data types of the new market event message. After receiving the historical data, the component manger 186 forwards 646 the new market event message and historical data to the UMA alert component 190. The UMA alert component 190 compares 648 the new data from the market event message to predicted values of the new data derived from the historical data. If the new data and the predicted new data differ by above threshold amounts, the UMA alert component 190 signals 650 an UMA alert condition to the component manager 186.